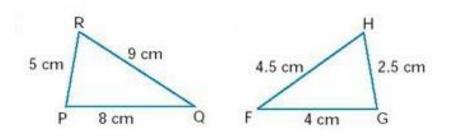
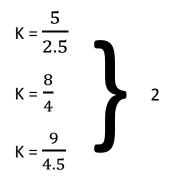
Similar Triangles

Find the scale factor or ratio of similarity:



```
Ratio of Similarity (k) = \frac{Image}{Original}
```

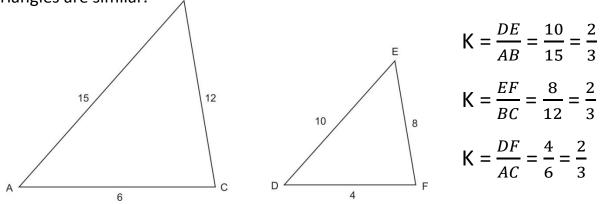


Remember you need to compare the same sides in both triangles and check the ratios for each side. If they are all the same ratio, then the triangles are similar.

There are three theorems that can justify whether or not two triangles are similar:

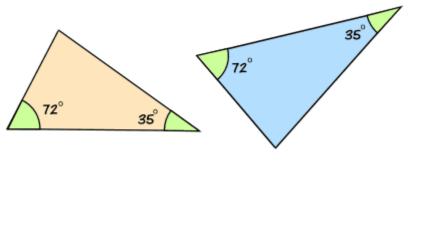
Theorem 1 – Side Side (SSS)

If the scale factor or ratio between all three corresponding sides is the same, the triangles are similar. $\begin{bmatrix} B \\ A \end{bmatrix}$



Theorem 2 – Angle Angle (AA)

If a pair of triangles have two angles in common, they are similar.

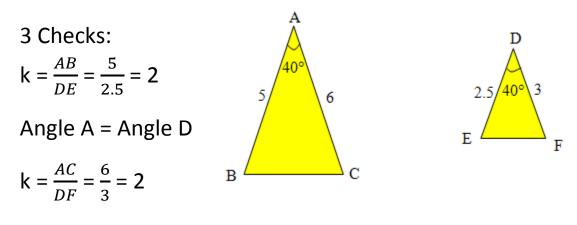


*Note – the sum of the interior angles in a triangle must add up to 180° Therefore if two of the angles are the same, the 3rd is automatically the

same

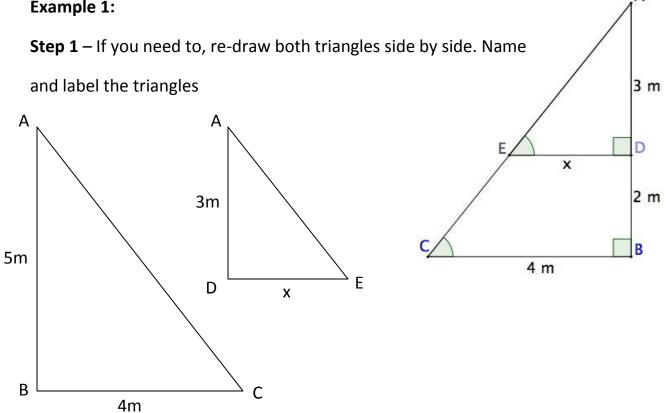
Theorem 3 – Side Angle Side (SAS)

If one of the angles is the same in both triangles, and the ratio or scale factor between the two sides that form the angle (sandwich the angle) is the same, the two triangles are similar.



Finding Missing Measures





Α

Step 2 – determine which sides are corresponding and set up a proportion to find the missing measure (cross multiply and divide method)

$$\frac{AB}{AD} = \frac{BC}{DE}$$

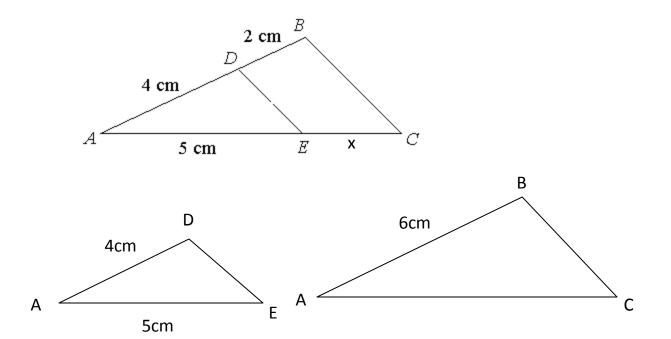
$$\frac{5m}{3m} = \frac{4m}{x}$$

$$5x = 12$$

$$X = 2.4$$

Example 2:

Find the measure of EC



$$\frac{AD}{AB} = \frac{AE}{AC}$$
$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{5}{x}$$

4x = 30 X = 7.5

EC = AC - AE

EC = 7.5 – 5

EC = 2.5 cm